

MODEL United Nations in Otsuma

A/C.6/73/DR.2

Distr.:Limited 16 June, 2019

Original: English

United Nations General Assembly

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Agenda item: Measures to eliminate international terrorism

Sponsor: <u>Argentina</u>, Belgium, Burkina Faso, Colombia, France, Germany, Indonesia, Israel, Italy, Japan, Libya, Malaysia, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Poland, Republic of Korea, Russian Federation, Singapore, <u>South Africa</u>, Spain, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, <u>United Arab Emirates</u>, United Kingdom, United States of America

The General Assembly,

Emphasizing that is difficult for a nation to completely prevent the occurrence of terrorism in its own country, recognizing the need to take all measures to prevent or reduce the damage from terrorism,

Deeply concerned that the abuse of the right to self-defense will threaten the international order and thus its security Emphasizing that importance of punishing criminals by law rather than military retaliation for terrorist attacks,

Keep in mind that Social Networking Service (SNS) is a hotbed of terrorism spread, *Pay attention* to the importance of regulating the funding sources of terrorist organizations,

Promote the development of common international rules on immigration

- 1. Calls upon for the following regarding the attribution of responsibility to the nation of the terrorists;
 - a) Counter-Terrorism-Committee (CTC) investigates the attribution of responsibility to the nation,
 - b) In the case of private acts of terrorism, there is no exception in the following cases that responsibility belongs to that nation.
 - i. If the nation has substantial control over private acts of terrorism,
 - ii. If the nation has officially approved or directed its acts of terrorism,
- 2. Confirming that CTC investigates the presence or absence of national involvement;
- 3. Encourages share information of terrorism that each country has by CTC;
- 4. Calls for the following things to be done in order to tighten the control of entry and exit of each country
 - a. countries to be as strict as possible in immigration control,
 - b. multilateral support by developed countries when developing
- c. as for assistance, promote bilateral negotiations to provide appropriate assistance that meets the needs of each country

- 5. *Calls upon* compliance with the requirements for the right to self-defense:
 - a) The requirements for the exercise of the right to self-defense described in Article 51 of the Charter of the United Nations to comply
 - b) If any of the following is recognized internationally:
 - i) That the aggressor is a nation,
 - ii) That the nation aroused, encouraged, and supported the aggressor,
- 6. Requests the following to legally judge terrorism offenders worldwide:
 - a) Utilization of International Criminal Justice Cooperation,
 - b) Differentiation of terrorism and political crimes,
 - c) Participation and utilization of the International Criminal Police Organization (ICPO),
 - d) Conclusion of bilateral treaty;
- 7. *Recommends* limiting the promotion of terrorism on SNS;
- 8. Promotes terrorism enlightenment using media etc.;
- 9. *Promote* information sharing on drugs and weapons smuggling in CTC;
- 10. *Promote* the regulation of drugs and weapons smuggling;
- 11. *Promote* the development of common international rules on immigration;
- 12. *Promote* strengthening of border security;
- 13. Calls for the implementation of stricter departure procedures;
 - a) Offers aid in technology from developed countries to developing countries
 - b) Observes those with a criminal record using latest technology such as facial recognition
 - c) Shares the most recent information on the forgery of passports
 - d) Increases the punishment for the possession of illegal items;
- 14. Requests the ratification of The Rome Statue of the International Criminal Court;
- 15. Affirms that the United Nations (the UN) needs to confirm a unified definition of terrorism in order to fight it cooperatively;
- 16. Condemns the collective terrorist activities over the past decades and recognizes the many deceased;
- 17. Deplores Member States that have taken part in terrorist activities or have supported terrorist groups;

- 18. *Recommends* Member States to ratify the Declaration on Measures to Eliminate International Terrorism and other individual treaties against terrorism, and to follow the procedures stated;
- 19. Emphasizes that a generalized international treaty on combatting terrorism should be ratified in the future;
- 20. *Urges* the United Nations Global Counter-Terrorism Committee (CTC) to research the information below in the instance of a terrorist attack:
 - a) where the base and the main area of operation of the terrorist group are,
 - b) whether the country or regional authorities support the terrorist group economically or systematically,
 - c) whether sufficient economic sanctions or militaristic approaches were taken by those Member States and regional authorities,
 - d) whether the organizations written in article 6-b incited the attack;
- 21. *Encourages* the CTC, to announce the state where, through the investigations described in Article 6, has been recognized terrorist organizations or these have engaged in public;
- 22. Urges the CTC to regularly submit reports to the UN about issues stated in Article 6 and 7;
- 23. *Calls upon* the CTC, through the investigations described in Article 3, to recommend the below actions towards the Member States where terrorist organizations are or have engaged in:
 - a) that economic sanctions and militaristic approaches are taken towards terrorist organizations as soon as possible without threatening the lives and security of citizens,
 - b) that there is market control to prevent the influx of weapons and supplies into terrorist organizations,
 - c) that after detection, the progress of the regulation of the terrorist organization is reported to the UN General Assembly and the Security Council every three months (provisionally).