## Max classroom.net

# ハイレベル構文 ポイント

## Unit 13~16

A Key Sentences: Part 2 に出てくる基本例文です。何回も音読し、書いて覚えよう。

	Unit 13		
01	She must have known the truth.		
02	We may(might) have misunderstood you.		
03	He may not have been at home at that time.		
04	The judge cannot have noticed our mistake.		
	Unit 14		
01	You ought to get your passport by the end of the month.		
02	You ought not to judge him without knowing him well.		
03	The news ought to have given you a big surprise.		
04	She had better start to prepare for the event.		
05	You had better not forgive him.		
	Unit 15		
01	You may well get angry at his bad behavior.		
02	It may well be surprising that they won the race.		
03	He might as well give up the chance.		
04	You might as well lose your career as take the illegal offer.		
Unit 16			
01	I'd rather be alone than go out with them.		
02	I'd rather not watch horror movies.		
1			
03	I'd rather have watched the game at the stadium.		
03	I'd rather have watched the game at the stadium.  I'd rather the schools offered more classes.		

B Usage and Expressions: ポイントとなる文法、構文のポイントのまとめです

#### 1 義務の助動詞、推量の助動詞

	義務	推量
must	~しなくてはいけない	~にちがいない
must not	~してはならない	
should	~すべきだ	~なはずだ
ought to		
should not	~すべきではない	(~なはずがない)
ought not to		
may	~してもよい	~かもしれない
can		
may not	~してはいけない	~ではないかもしれない
cannot	~してはいけない	~なはずがない 注意

## 2 助動詞 have Ved ★★絶対覚える

	義務	推量
would have Ved	~だっただろうに	
must have Ved	~しなくてはいけなかったのに	~だったにちがいない
should have Ved	~すべきだったのに	~だったはずだ
ought to have Ved		
should not have Ved	~すべきではなかったのに	(~だったはずがない)
ought not to have Ved		
can (could) have Ved	~できたのに	~だったかもしれない
may (might) have Ved	~してもよかったのに	~だったかもしれない
need not have Ved	~する必要がなかったのに	
ought to have Ved	~するべきだったのに	~だったはずだ

仮定法

「~だったのに」⇒ 仮定の話 事実はそうではなかった 仮定法ではない

過去のことに対して推測 事実だったはず、かもしれない

## 3 will, would 発展

表現	例文
will	The door-bell is ringing. That will be my father.
「~だろう、かもしれない」 現在	
would	These books <u>would</u> be easy even for children.
「~だろう、かもしれない」 現在	
will / would	The door <u>won't</u> open.
「どうしても~しようとする/した」	
(強い意志)	
won't / wouldn't	My sister <u>wouldn't</u> accept her father's idea.
「どうしても~しようとしない/しな	
かった」	
would	We <u>would</u> go out together on Sundays when we
「よく~したものだった」(過去の習	were young.
慣)	

この意味で would を使う場合は、often、sometimes、when I was young のような表現を繰り返して「過去の習慣」ということをはっきりさせる

## 4 can の発展表現

i Can v ) 出版扱列		
表現	例文	
I cannot help it	The decision will be made in a minute. It cannot	
it cannot be helped	be helped (I cannot help it).	
「仕方がない、どうしようもない」		
I cannot help that SV	I cannot help that he doesn't obey me.	
it cannot be helped that SV	It cannot be helped that he rejects the proposal.	
「SV しても仕方がない」		
cannot help ~ing	I cannot help telling the students what to do	
cannot help but V	He cannot help but worry about the small thing.	
「…せざるをえない」		
can but V but = only	I could but imitate my friends.	
「ただ…するばかりだ		
ただすることしかできない」		
cannot V too ~	You cannot be too careful to drive at a dark night.	
cannot V enough	We cannot appreciate enough for your kindness.	
「いくら~してもし足りない」		
(=~しすぎることはない)		
cannot ~ without …ing	I cannot see the pictures without crying.	
「…せずに~できない」		
「いつも~してしまう」		

# 5 would の発展表現 ★重要

表現	例文
would like to do	I'd like to leave this kind of problem untouched.
「~したいものです」	
would like O to do	I would like all of you to save the daily use of
「0に…してほしい」	electricity.
Would you (please) V?	Would you please repeat what you just said?
「~してくれませんか」	
Would you mind ∼ing?	Would you mind letting us share you idea?
「~してくれませんか」	
Would you mind my(me) ∼ing?	Would you mind me selling the used bike?
「私が~してもかまいませんか」	
Would you mind if SVed? 過去形	Would you mind if we postponed this program to
「SV してもかまいませんか」	the next month.
would rather like A (than B)	I'd rather like detailed analysis than the data
「(Bより) Aがほしい」	itself.
would rather V	I'd rather experience different cultures while I am
「(むしろ、どうも)~したい」	young.
would rather V1 than V2	I'd rather experience the *hardship than merely
「V2 よりも V1 したい」	enjoy it.
would rather not V	I'd rather not show him all the evidences.
「(むしろ、どうも)~したくない」	
would rather have Ved 完了形	We would rather have contributed to the charity
「~したかった」	program.
would rather S Ved 過去形	I'd rather the government changed the tax
「SV してほしい」	systems.
would rather S had Ved 過去完了	We'd rather you had let him take the course.
「SV してほしかった」	
I would appreciate it if S Ved 過去形	I would appreciate it if you could understand the
I would appreciate it if you could V	unexpected situation.
「SV してくれませんか	
(SV してくれると、感謝します)」	

# **6 重要助動詞 発展編** ★すべて覚えろ

表現	例文
need V 助動詞	You need not regret what he has already done.
「~する必要がある」 【主に否定】	
need to V 動詞	Does the liquid need to be kept sealed in order to
「~する必要がある」	prevent explosion?
dare V 助動詞	She dare not mention his wrong deeds.
「~する勇気がある、あえて~する」	
【主に否定】	
dare (to) V 動詞	No one dares compete with such a talented man
「~する勇気がある、あえて~する」	like him.
ought to V	You ought to be exhausted after working for such
「~すべきだ」 義務	a harsh job.
「~なはずだ」 推量	
ought not to V	He ought not to explain what has been happening.
I don't think + S ought to V	(= I don't think he ought to explain)
「~すべきではない」 義務	
「~なはずはない」 推量	
had better V	You had better practice to make yourselves
「~すべきだ」	understood in English.
had better not V	We had better not show sympathy so easily.
「~すべきではない」	
may(might) well V	You may well be frustrated with his mistakes.
「~するのももっともだ」	You may well forget what creative writings are.
「たぶん~だろう」	
may(might) as well V	You may as well ignore his suggestion.
「~してもよい(したほうがよい)」	The road might as well be too narrow for a track.
「たぶん~だろう」	
may(might) as well V1 as V2	You may as well throw the money away as lend it
「V2 するなら V1 したほうがましだ」	to him.
「V2 するなんて V1 するのと同じだ」	
used to V	There used to be an old shrine, which was
「かつて~であった」	famous for its origin.

## 【表現】

- how dare you V 「よくも $\sim$ できるな」
  - ex) How dare you could say such a thing to me!

#### 7 need の用法: 助動詞と動詞

### need V 助動詞

- ・ おもに否定、疑問で使う。
- ・ don't have to V , don't need to V を使う方が一般的
- ・ 3単現 s はつかない

構文 【否】 She <u>need not</u> come. (She doesn't need to...が通常)

【疑】 Need she come? (まれ → Does she need...が通常)

#### need to V 一般動詞

- ・ want to do と類似表現
- · 3 単現 s がつく

構文 【肯】 She needs to come.

【否】 She <u>doesn't</u> need to come.

【疑】 <u>Does</u> she need to come?

#### 8 dare の用法

#### dare V 助動詞

- おもに否定、疑問で使う。
- 3単限sがつかない
- ・ 過去形は dared V / dared not V

構文 【否】 She <u>dare not</u> confront him.

She <u>dared not</u> confront him.

【疑】 <u>Dare</u> you challenge it?

.....

#### dare (to) V 一般動詞

- おもに否定、疑問で使う。
- ・ 通常 to は省略される ⇒ <u>dare + 動詞の原形</u>
- · 3 単限 s がつく

構文 【肯】 She <u>dares</u> (to) confront him.

【否】 She <u>does not</u> dare (to) laugh.

【疑】 Do you dare (t0) challenge it?

<u>Did</u> you dare (to) challenge it? ... 過去形・疑問はこの言い方のみ

#### 9 used to do

構文 【否】 She <u>didn't</u> use to be such a person. use = 動詞の原形

【疑】 <u>Did</u> she use to hate me?

表現 ・ There used to be ~ 「かつては~があった」

- ★ used to do と would の違い
  - ① used to V 「かつては~だった、~したものだった」
    - ・ 過去の習慣、過去の状態を表す (be 動詞なども使える)
    - ・ 現在と対比している 「現在はそうではない」というニュアンス
      - ex) Rick and I used to be good friends.

I <u>used</u> to take a taxi to school.

- ② would V 「かつてよく~したものだった」
  - ・ 過去の習慣 動作を表す場合のみ … 状態や様子は表せない
- ・ 過去のことを思い出しているだけで、現在と対比しているわけではない
  - ex) She was a great student. She would often come to ask questions.
- ★ 気をつけるべき表現(発音も注意しよう)
  - ① be used to do 「…するのに使われる」(ユーズド) 受動態 ex) This item is used to make things smaller.
  - ② be used to ~ing 「~するのに慣れている」(ユースト) ex) She is completely used to living in a foreign country.
  - ③ used to do 「かつて~していた」(ユースト) 助動詞 ex) We used to live in a small community.

#### 10 気をつけるべき not の位置

- · ought not V
  - ex) You ought not to tell this to anybody..
- · had better **not** V
  - ex) You had better not criticize him without right reasons.
- would rather **not** V
  - ex) I would rather not wait for his response.